

SENATOR BROWN REPLIES TO HUGHES

Hold New York's Executive Is
Wrong in Attitude on Income
Tax Amendment.

THE GOVERNOR STANDS ALONE

Among All Those Who Have Addressed
Their Legislatures on the
Subject.

Washington, Feb. 21.—Admitting that he had "greater respect for New York in the senate than for New York out of the senate," Senator Brown of Nebraska, author of the income tax amendment, today joined the debating society composed of Gov. Hughes on the one side and some of the members of the United States senate on the other.

Mr. Brown spoke in the senate to the resolution of Senator Borah directing the senate committee on the judiciary to make an inquiry concerning the legal effect upon state securities of the adoption of the income tax amendment to the Constitution. He devoted his efforts especially to demonstrating that the New York governor had been wrong in his assumption that the amendment would have the effect of laying a burden on the states.

HUGHES STANDS ALONE.
Accepting the governor's pro-



Shall We Rejoice

Gladness comes with a better understanding of the transient nature of the many physical ills which vanish before proper efforts—gentle efforts—pleasant efforts—rightly directed and assisted by the pleasant laxative remedy Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna.

Its beneficial effects are due to the fact that it is the one remedy which promotes internal cleanliness without debilitating the organs on which it acts. To get its beneficial effects always buy the genuine manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co.

nouncement as an evidence of opposition Mr. Brown declared that in his antagonism, Gov. Hughes stands alone among all the governors who have addressed their legislatures on the subject of the amendment.

"Alabama, Ohio, Virginia, New Jersey and other states have governors who not only favor conferring the power," he said, "but favor the proposed amendment, which, if adopted, confers the power. It cheers our hearts to read in the press that President Taft agrees with the governor of New Jersey, who, in his message to his legislature on Feb. 7, and since the New York message was transmitted, took immediate and direct issue with the governor of New York."

Calling attention to the fact that no one in Congress or out had pointed to

Blemishes On the Face

Don't go about with a face full of blotches or other skin eruptions. Clear off these disfigurements in a short time at little expense. These unsightly blemishes come from impure blood and a disordered system but will all disappear after a few doses of

Beecham's Pills

which do the work quickly and thoroughly. Salves, ointments and washes never cure a pimply face. You must get the poison out of the system. This is what Beecham's Pills do. They move the bowels, start the bile, carry off the impurities, cleanse and vitalize the blood and

Beautify the Complexion

Sold Everywhere. In boxes 10c. and 25c.

the possible effect of the amendment on the state affairs, Mr. Brown said: "In this body the state of New York enjoys representation of the highest character and most eminent ability, and yet New York, on the roll call, as shown in The Congressional Record, was in favor of this amendment as it passed Congress and was silent as to any suggestion that the language was faulty. I have greater respect for New York in the senate than I have for New York out of the senate on this question."

"The fathers provided that amendments to the Constitution should be ratified by state legislatures. Approval of the governors is not required. They do not even have the power to veto a legislative ratification resolution of any proposed amendment, although I suppose as a friend of the

state, a sort of amicus curiae, a governor may volunteer a harmless veto in advance of action by the legislature if he chooses to do so."

Senator Brown contended that the amendment does not alter or modify the relation existing between the states and the federal government.

"That relation will remain the same under the amendment as it is today without the amendment," he said.

PROPOSED AMENDMENT.
"It is conceded by all that the government cannot, under the present Constitution, tax securities or state instrumentalities. Nor can the state lay its taxing finger on federal bonds or federal agencies. Each is beyond the reach of the other, so that the burden is concerned. The proposed amendment in no sense seeks, nor can it reasonably be argued to suggest, any change in the independent or sovereign rights of either sovereignty as enjoyed and defined by the courts ever since the government was organized."

"Still it does not follow, even if Governor Hughes were right, that the amendment should be rejected. On the contrary, it follows, why it should be ratified because existing legislation, all incomes would be treated alike. No exemptions would be allowed and no exceptions permitted, save as Congress might and should see fit to come up to a certain amount."

Arguing that, as the safety of the state depends on the safety of the nation, he said: "Should a foreign fleet bombard the city of New York, I can imagine the borrowing capacity of the Empire state might be impaired. But the impairment would be measured by the danger the assault brought to the republic. In other words, New York's credit will be protected in proportion to the ability of the federal company to protect itself against the enemy."

"When regiments must be equipped and armed; when battleships must be rushed to the scene of danger without counting the cost, this government should have the power to lay its tax upon the incomes of those who have them. I have the strongest faith in the republic should be clothed with full power and ample authority to lay a tax on the incomes of those upon the income of the whole country."

He declared that, if New York should reject the amendment, it would do so because of inherent objections to any tax on incomes, and not because of any fear of the effect on her borrowing capacity. Indeed, the experience of all income-taxing nations had shown that the credit of the state is not impaired by imposing a tax on its bonds.

Asserting that the perpetuity of this nation's government depends on the co-existence of the states and federal authority, Senator Brown said that neither could be destroyed by an amendment to the Constitution. If that must result, at all, it must come through revolution, and he did not believe revolution to be in sight.

THIEVES SHOWED WHITE FEATHER WHEN RESISTED

Chicago, Feb. 24.—Thieves showed the white feather in two instances last night when resisted by intended victims, and fled.

In one place a woman threw her arms around a burglar's neck and held him so tightly that he was obliged to throw off his coat in order to escape.

In another instance, two armed robbers were put to flight by a string of bologna sausages hurled into their faces.

Mrs. Fred Brona saw a burglar climbing out through the basement window of her home. She caught him by the legs and pulled him back into the basement. Then she threw her arms about his neck and screamed for help. The thief struck at her and struggled but was unable to free himself. He finally succeeded in dragging his arms from the sleeves of his coat and left Mrs. Brona holding the garment as he jumped through the open window.

Two robbers, one armed with a pistol and the other with a billy and both with blackened faces entered the grocery of Herman Barnikow, 2242 Belmont avenue last night.

"We want your money," said the robber with the pistol.

Barnikow seized a string of sausages and threw them striking the robber squarely in the face.

The suddenness of the attack surprised the intruders who fled with Barnikow in hot pursuit. Barnikow, who weighs nearly 300 pounds, chased the man for two blocks but they outran him and escaped.

PITTSBURG'S SMOKE PROTECTION AGAINST COLD

Pittsburg, Pa., Feb. 24.—The pall of smoke that is said to perpetually hang over Pittsburg proved a blanket of protection against the coldest weather of the winter, according to Weather Forecaster Will. With temperatures ranging from four to 10 below zero reported from various sections of the surrounding country this morning zero had not been reached notwithstanding the weather man had sent out the statement that it would reach four below.

The smoke blanket has side tracked it, was the excuse from the weather-works when inquiry was made for the promised cold wave.

REFUSES TO PAY TAXES WITHOUT REPRESENTATION

Chicago, Feb. 24.—A committee of women taxpayers appointed last Saturday to champion the cause of Miss Edith Squire, who has refused to pay her personal property tax without representation, met yesterday and formulated resolutions for further action.

Two questions are to be put before the meeting arranged for Saturday. If the county collector gives no further attention to the failure of Miss Squire to pay her taxes, well and good. Chicago women then will have a perfect right to do likewise and when appealed to for payment, can cite the fact that Miss Squire has not been forced to pay and use that as an excuse to continue the policy adopted.

On the other hand, if tax collectors attempt to levy on property owned by Miss Squire it will be urged that the new organization at once ask an injunction restraining collectors from confiscating her property.

A SIMPLE TRICK.

It's an easy matter to keep your joints and muscles supple—no matter what your age may be or how you have suffered with rheumatism. Rub yourself night and morning with Ballard's Snow Liniment. Cures rheumatism, stiffness, cramps, creak in the back, side, neck or limbs, and relieves all aches and pains. Sold by Z. C. M. I. Drug Disp. Co. 112 and 114 South Main St., Salt Lake City.

AUTOMOBILE SHOW.

Salt Lake City.
February 19th to 27th. Reduced rates via Oregon Short Line from Utah and Idaho points. See agents for particulars.

A blue diamond bears the same relation to a white one that champagne does to beer.

If you have the price, buy blue diamonds and champagne, if not, try and be comfortable on white ones and beer.

Phone 65
For the correct time.

Take the Post-Office Out of Politics

In attempting to charge up the deficit in his Department against the magazines the Postmaster-General has done the country a genuine, even if an unintentional, service. He has drawn attention to the necessity for a thorough reorganization of the Postal Department. He has emphasized the importance of taking the Post-Office out of politics for all time.

The Fifty-ninth Congress authorized an investigation of postal affairs, and a joint commission, headed by Senator Penrose and Representative Overstreet, made a thorough investigation of the whole subject. As a result, the Overstreet bill, which contains many excellent recommendations, was presented. It is not from guesswork that we have concluded that the Department is in need of radical reorganization, but from the official reports of this Joint Congressional Postal Commission and of the disinterested accountants hired by it to investigate the business methods of the Department. We quote from these reports, remembering that the findings and criticisms are not ours, but those of a Congressional Commission and its authorized agents. First read these recommendations from the preliminary report of the Joint Postal Commission, in this week's number of

THE SATURDAY EVENING POST



Then read these extracts from the report of the public accountants employed by the Joint Commission:

"The service has grown from small beginnings over a long period of years, hampered by restrictive laws which may have been necessary in the past and may even now be considered necessary to some extent for a Government department, but which would render it practically impossible for any private business to survive."

"The general absence of any efficient methods of accounting has been brought to light by the inquiry carried out by the Joint Commission on second-class mail matter. This report was referred to Congress on January 30, 1907, and our investigation has confirmed the impression gathered from the study of it, that the whole of these methods are crude in the extreme and such as no private business concern or corporation could follow without the certainty of loss, if not of financial disaster."

There are half-a-dozen more of these extracts on the Editorial page of this week's issue of THE SATURDAY EVENING POST.

In the Joint Postal Commission's report of 1907 we find:

"As an indication of the views at present entertained it is proper to say that the commission is profoundly impressed with the wisdom of the accountant's report in recommending the following:

"That the actual direction of the business of the Post-Office Department and postal service be committed to an officer with necessary assistants to be appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, for long terms, so as to insure the continuity of efficient service, and that the Postmaster-General, as a member of the Cabinet, be chargeable only with general supervisory control and the determination of questions of policy."

We ask Congress to give us a Director of Posts—as recommended by the Joint Congressional Committee of 1907, an officer who shall be non-political, and whose term of service shall not be subject to political changes, and who shall conduct the workings of the Post-Office Department with the efficiency, economy and businesslike methods which distinguish high-class American business enterprise.

The Curtis Publishing Company
Philadelphia, Pennsylvania

FOLEY'S KIDNEY PILLS
for backache, rheumatism, kidney or bladder trouble, and urinary irregularities. Foley's Kidney Pills purify the blood, restore lost vitality and vigor. Refuse substitutes. FOR SALE BY SCHRAMM-JOHNSON DRUG COMPANY, SALT LAKE CITY.

No Alcohol!

Ask your doctor if a family medicine, like Ayer's Sarsaparilla, is not vastly better without alcohol than with it.

Is alcohol a tonic? No!
Does it make the blood pure? No!
Does it strengthen the nerves? No!
Is Ayer's Sarsaparilla a tonic? Yes!
Does it make the blood pure? Yes!
Does it strengthen the nerves? Yes!
Is it entirely free from alcohol? Yes!

New Edison Records for MARCH

On Sale February 25th

THE first question is, have you an EDISON PHONOGRAPH? If you have, we won't need urge you to read through this new list of records. You've been watching for it, as every Phonograph owner does every month. But if you haven't a Phonograph, this list of Edison Standard and Amberol Records will certainly interest you in owning one. Read down this list of selections, one by one, mark the ones you wish to hear, and any Edison dealer will be glad to play them for you:

Amberol Standard

- | | |
|---|---|
| 885 Roses—Waltz from Suite "Rose of Shiraz" Sousa's Band | 10317 La Lettre de Manon Sousa's Band |
| 886 Pat On Your Old Grey Bonnet . F. H. Porter & Chorus | 10318 I'm Agoin' to Change My Man Marie Dressler |
| 887 Do They Think of Me at Home . Manhattan Mixed Trio | 10319 Hunting Song Stanley and Gillette |
| 888 Conversations—(Comic Character Song) E. M. Favor | 10320 Laverne—Waltz Caprice—(Saxophone Solo) E. Boone Henton |
| 889 Badinage Victor Herbert and his Orchestra | 10321 When I Am Away from You Manuel Romain |
| 890 Monologue on Married Life Murray K. Hill | 10322 Sun of My Soul (Sacred) Anthony and Harrison |
| 891 There Were Shepherds Edison Mixed Quartette | 10323 Irish Blood Ada Jones |
| 892 White Wings Manuel Romain | 10324 Hungarian Dance—G. Minor (J. Brahms) Victor Herbert and his Orchestra |
| 893 Fantasia on Themes of Leonard and Paganini (Violin Solo) Michael Banner | 10325 Home With the Milk in the Morning Pete Murray |
| 894 I'm a Woman of Importance Stella Mayhew | 10326 Some Day, Melinda Collins and Harlan |
| 895 Lyrical Oh, Oh, Miss Lynn Collins and Harlan | 10327 Uncle Josh in a Department Store (Talking) Cal Stewart |
| 896 Dreams—(Violin Obligato) Elizabeth Wheeler | 10328 Four Little Sugar Plums American Symphony Orchestra |
| 897 American Students Waltzes . New York Military Band | 10329 Not for Me—'Kid' Song Bessie Wynn |
| 898 Davy Jones' Locker Gus Reed | 10330 What Makes the World Go Round Ada Jones and Billy Murray |
| 899 Nearer, My God, to Thee Knickerbocker Quartette | 10331 Falcon March New York Military Band |
| 900 I'll Be Cross, Anabella Jack Pleasance | |
| 901 Balm Right Vienna Instrumental Quartette | |
| 902 The Hat My Father Wore Upon St. Patrick's Day Billy Murray and Chorus | |
| 903 The Rub and the Country Doctor Harlan & Stanley | |
| 904 King Karl March New York Military Band | |

BY HARRY LAUDER

- 12119 The Bounding Sea
12122 When I Get Back Again to Bonnie Scotland

FIVE NEW GRAND OPERA RECORDS

- B178 L'Africain—O Paradiso (Meyerbeer) (In Italian) Florestano Constantino, Tenor
B179 Ernani—Infelice (Verdi) (In Italian) Luigi Lucanti, Bass
B180 Cavalleria Rusticana—Voi lo sapete (Mascagni) (In Italian) Ettore Ferrabini, Soprano
B181 La Tosca—Bisogna le stelle (Puccini) (In Italian) Riccardo Martin, Tenor
B182 I Puritani—Buoni la tromba (Bellini) (In Italian) Ernesto Caronna and Luigi Lucanti

National Phonograph Company, 75 Lakeside Ave., Orange, N. J.

There are Edison dealers everywhere. Go to the nearest and hear the Edison Phonograph play both Edison Standard and Amberol Records. Get complete catalogs from your dealer or from us.

Edison Phonographs \$12.50 to \$200.00
Standard Records 35
Amberol Records (play twice as long) 50
Grand Opera Records 75 and 1.00

We desire good live dealers to sell Edison Phonographs in every town where we are not now well represented. Dealers having established stores should write us at once.

NEW YORK IS NOT AHEAD OF SALT LAKE
All the MARCH Records

HAVE ARRIVED AND MAY BE HEARD

WE'VE SPECIAL PHONOGRAPH ROOMS

**CONSOLIDATED
MUSIC CO.**
NEWCLAYTON PRES.

Wholesale Distributors and Retail Dealers for "Edison"

SUCCESSORS TO Clayton-Daynes Music Co., Beesley Music Co., D. O. Calder's Sons Co., Clayton Music Co., Daynes Music Co.

109-11-13 Main St., - - - Salt Lake